§46.191

Subpart I—Floor Stocks Tax on Cigarettes Held for Sale on January 1, 2000 and on January 1, 2002

AUTHORITY: Section 9302, Pub.L. 105–33, 111 Stat. 251. unless otherwise noted.

SOURCE: T.D. ATF-423, 64 FR 71958, Dec. 22, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

GENERAL

§ 46.191 Purpose of this subpart.

The regulations in this subpart implement the floor stocks tax on cigarettes held for sale the first moment on January 1, 2000 and on January 1, 2002.

§ 46.192 Terms used in this subpart.

- (a) Appropriate TTB officer. An officer or employee of the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB) authorized to perform any functions relating to the administration or enforcement of this part by TTB Order 1135.46, Delegation of the Administrator's Authorities in 27 CFR 46, Miscellaneous Regulations Relating to Tobacco Products and Cigarette Papers and Tubes.
- (b) Controlled group. Pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 5061(e)(3), the term "controlled group" means a controlled group of corporations, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 1563, and implementing regulations in 26 CFR 1.1563-1 through 1.1563-4, except that the words "at least 80 percent" shall be replaced by the words "more than 50 percent" in each place they appear in subsection (a) of 26 U.S.C. 1563, as well as in the implementing regulations. Controlled groups of corporations include, but are not limited to:
- (1) Parent-subsidiary controlled groups as defined in 26 CFR 1.1563-1 (a)(2).
- (2) Brother-sister controlled groups as defined in 26 CFR 1.1563–1(a)(3).
- (3) Combined groups as defined in 26 CFR 1.1563–1(a)(4). Also, the rules for a controlled group of corporations apply in a similar fashion to groups which include partnerships and/or sole proprietorships. If one entity maintains more than 50% control over a group consisting of corporations and one, or more, partnerships and/or sole propri-

- etorships, all are members of a controlled group.
- (c) Foreign trade zone. A foreign trade zone established and operated pursuant to the Act of June 18, 1934, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 81a.
- (d) Large cigarettes. Cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand.
- (e) *Person*. When the term "person" is used in this subpart, it refers to an individual, partnership, association, company, corporation, a trust, or an estate. It also includes any State or political subdivision.
- (f) Small cigarettes. Cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand.
- (g) Tax increase dates. For the purposes of this floor stocks tax, the tax increase dates are January 1, 2000 and January 1, 2002.
- [T.D. ATF-423, 64 FR 71958, Dec. 22, 1999, as amended by ATF-457, 66 FR 32220, June 14, 2001; T.D. ATF-472, 67 FR 8881, Feb. 27, 2002; T. D. TTB-44, 71 FR 16956, Apr. 4, 2006]

§ 46.193 Floor stocks tax defined.

Floor stocks tax is a tax imposed on all Federally taxpaid or tax determined cigarettes held for sale on the first moment a tax increase becomes effective. The tax is the difference between the previous excise tax rate and the new tax rate.

§46.194 Persons liable for this tax.

You are liable for this tax if you hold for sale any taxpaid or taxdetermined cigarettes at the moment a tax increase is effective. You are liable for floor stocks tax on cigarettes that you own that may be in transit (refer to §§46.207 and 46.208). You may also be liable if you hold cigarettes in a foreign trade zone (refer to §46.209).

§46.195 Persons not liable for this tax.

If you do not hold any taxpaid or taxdetermined cigarettes for sale at the moment a tax increase is effective, you are not liable for this tax.

§ 46.196 Floor stocks requirements.

(a) Take an inventory. Establish the quantity of cigarettes subject to the floor stocks tax held for sale at the beginning of the tax increase dates (January 1, 2000 and January 1, 2002). You